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Government of Andhra are not willing to yield in this matter, will the Government of Madras take up retaliatory measures, such as cutting away the electric supply which is now made available to the Andhra State by this Government? "

THE HON. SRI M. BHAKTAVATSALAM :—" Sir, as regards the first part of the question, I would like to have notice. The other part of the question, therefore, does not arise."

Protected water-supply to the Badagara Panchayat area.

* 6 *Q*.—SRI K. P. GOPALAN : Will the Hon. the Minister for Health be pleased to state whether the Government have received a copy of the memorandum, dated 26th July 1954, from the President and Members of the Badagara Panchayat Board, Badagara, North Malabar, requesting the Government to take steps to include the Badagara Panchayat area in the scheme of protected water-supply which the Government are going to undertake soon?

THE HON. SRI A. B. SHETTY :—" Yes, Sir."

SRI K. P. GOPALAN :—" May I know, Sir, from the Hon. Minister what steps have been taken to introduce protected water-supply in the Badagara Panchayat Board area? May I also know why Government neglected to introduce protected water-supply to that area so far? "

THE HON. SRI A. B. SHETTY :—" Sir, the Badagara Panchayat Board has been informed that the water-supply schemes are taken up in accordance with the priority fixed in the compendium. This panchayat occupies the hundredth place in that compendium."

SRI V. R. KRISHNA AYYAR :—" These priorities, Sir, depend upon other considerations and values and the Badagara Panchayat is a major panchayat and has a large population and it has been declared as a filarial area. Therefore, if there is any sensible classification, the claims of Badagara must be fairly high. May I request the Hon. Minister to give high priority to that panchayat on account of these important considerations? "

MR. SPEAKER :—" He is making only a request."

THE HON. SRI A. B. SHETTY :—" The revision of the compendium is under consideration, Sir. If the Badagara Panchayat is given a higher place, it will be taken up earlier."

SRI K. P. GOPALAN :—" Sir, regarding protected water-supply schemes, only at Kozhikode it has been introduced and the work has not been completed. The protected water-supply scheme has not been introduced in many other panchayat areas of the Malabar district. I want to have a definite answer from the Hon. Minister why Badagara and other areas were neglected by the Government so far."

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THE HON. SRI A. B. SHETTY :—" Sir, a fairly large programme of protected water-supply is being taken up both in rural and urban areas."

Amount of grant sanctioned towards educational concessions in 1952–53.

* 7 *Q.*—SRI A. RATNAM : Will the Hon. the Minister for Finance be pleased to state the total amount granted towards educational concessions to non-gazetted officers, servants of local boards and aided school teachers in the year 1952?

THE HON. SRI C. SUBRAMANIAM :—" The following are the amounts of grant sanctioned towards educational concessions to children of non-gazetted officers, servants of local bodies and aided school teachers in the State during 1952–53—

	RS.
Elementary schools	2,48,432
Local body secondary schools	64,900
Aided secondary schools	3,78,447."

Groundnut Research Centres.

* 8 *Q.*—SRI A. RATNAM : Will the Hon. the Minister for Agriculture be pleased to state—

(*a*) the number of research centres constituted by the Government in the State for studying the economics of growing groundnuts mixed with other crops;

(*b*) the cost of maintaining the centres and the number of acres experimented; and

(*c*) the results of the experiments made so far?

11-20 a.m. THE HON. SRI M. BHAKTAVATSALAM :—" (*a*) There is one such Research Centre in this State at Tindivanam in South Arcot district.

" (*b*) The net cost of maintaining this station is about Rs. 29,474 per annum. Every year one to two acres are devoted to mixed cropping experiments in this station. Bulk crops of groundnut-castor and groundnut-cholam mixtures are also raised to step up income from the farm area. The area devoted to such mixed cropping varies from year to year. In the 1953–54 season ten acres were under mixed crops.

" (*c*) The conclusions arrived at from the mixed cropping experiments carried out in this station are :—

(*a*) Growing of groundnut mixed with other crops is found to be more remunerative than growing it pure.

(*b*) Among the crops grown mixed with groundnut, cholam has been found to depress the yield of groundnut to the maximum extent (even up to 50 per cent) in certain years.